

# MATHEMATICA IN A NUTSHELL

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## *Basics:*

- \_ SHIFT-ENTER = “compute”
- \_ ( ) = grouping, [ ] = function argument, { } = table/list item markers
- \_ Pre-defined functions usually begin with a capital: e.g. Sin[2]
- \_ N[ ... ] or ... //N for numeric approximation
- \_ % = “previous”, % number = “refer to line number”
- \_ Use the palette (Tab switches fields)
- \_ Control-C and Control-V copy and paste
- \_ formatting output: Expand[ ], Simplify[ ], and FullSimplify[ ]
- \_ Enter plain text via Format...Style...Text under horizontal line
- \_ Help Index
- \_ Open new notebook, cut, and paste for neatness

## *Useful Functions:*

- \_ Plot[ expression, {variable, domain min, domain max}]  
  
Add ins: PlotRange \_ { range min, range max}  
AxesLabel \_ {“x title”, “y title”}  
PlotLabel \_ “Title”
  
- \_ Solve[ something == something else, variable]  
and similarly for NSolve
  
- \_ Series[ expression to expand, {variable, expand about, up to order}]
  
- \_ Matrices:  
format is {{11, 12, 13}, {21, 22, 23}, {31, 32, 33}}  
matrix multiplication is “period” not “\*”  
Det[ ], Inverse[ ], Eigenvalues[ ], Eigenvectors[ ]

## *Differential Equations:*

- \_ apostrophe is “prime”
- \_ DSolve[y'[x] == 3\*y[x], y[x], x] will solve  $(dy/dx)=3y$  for y as a function of x
  
- \_ with initial condition: DSolve[{y'[x] == 3\*y[x], y[0] == 2}, y[x], x]
  
- \_ compare NDSolve[{y'[x] == 3\*y[x], y[0] == 2}, y, {x,0,2}] along with  
y[1]/.% and Plot[Evaluate[y[x] /.% line number], {x,0,3}]
  
  
- \_ For coupled equations  $dv/dt = -x$  and  $dx/dt = v$  (SHO with  $\omega = 1$ )  
NDSolve[{v'[t] == -x[t], x'[t] == v[t], v[0] == 0,  
x[0] == 1}, {v,x}, {t,0,6.28}]

## *User-Defined Functions:*

- \_ name your functions and variables in all lower case
- \_ underscore = “to be assigned later”
- \_ name[a\_, b\_] := messy expression that’s a function of a and b
  
  
- \_ to evaluate: name[2,3]
  
  
- \_ to plot: Plot[name[2,z], {z,0,4}]  
or Plot3D[name[x,y], {x,0,3}, {y,0,3}]