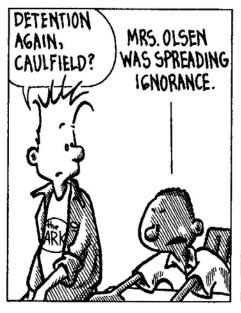
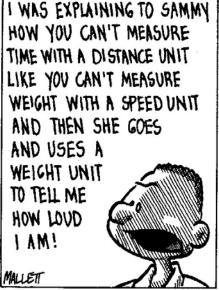
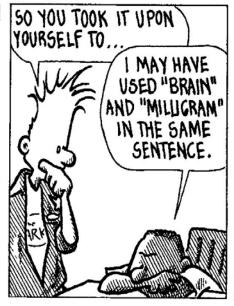
■ Theme Music: Kenny Rogers Every Time Two Fools Collide

■ Cartoon: Jef Mallett

Frazz.









Outline

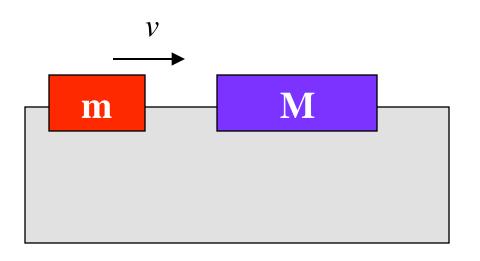
- Recap: Mechanical Energy Conservation
- Examples
- **■** Collisions

Collisions

- When the objects in a system collide, conservation laws limit what can happen.
- If all external forces cancel, momentum will be conserved.
- If all forces are conservative (no friction, drag, or deformation), mechanical energy will be conserved.

Inelastic Collisions

- If two objects collide and stick together, the collision is called <u>inelastic</u>.
- In this case, momentum conservation tells all we need to know. ME is not conserved.

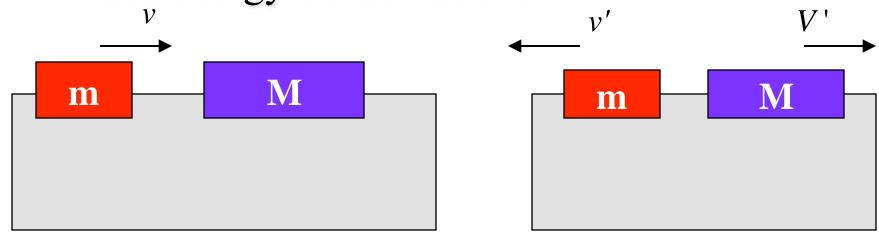


$$mv = (m + M)V$$

$$V = \frac{m}{m+M}v$$

Elastic Collisions

- If two objects collide and bounce off, without losing any mechanical energy the collision is called <u>elastic</u>.
- In this case, we have to use both momentum and energy conservation.

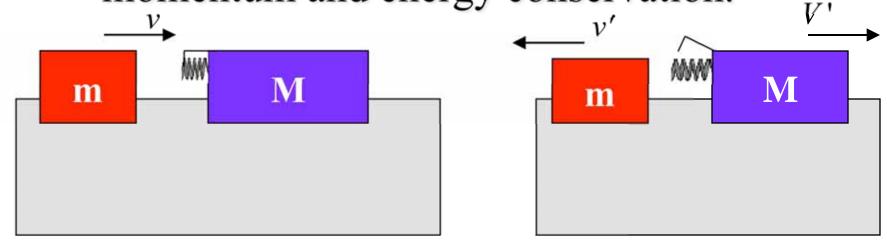


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Superelastic Collisions

■ If two objects collide and bounce off, and mechanical energy is added in the interaction the collision is called <u>superelastic</u>.

■ In this case, we might have to use both momentum and energy conservation.



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