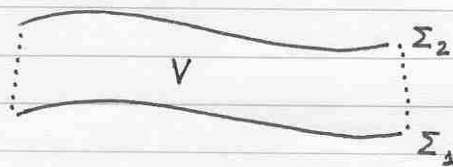


→ conserved charge:

$$Q = \int_{\Sigma} j^a d\Sigma_a,$$



$$Q_2 = \int_{\Sigma_2} j^a d\Sigma_a$$

$$Q_1 = \int_{\Sigma_1} j^a d\Sigma_a$$

if j^a vanishes at ∞

(or if we pick the side boundaries such that $j^a d\Sigma_a = 0$)

$$Q_2 - Q_1 = \int_{\partial V} j^a d\Sigma_a = \int_V \nabla_a j^a dV = 0$$

$\rho = j^a u_a$ is the charge density in the u -frame. j^a is the charge current.

$j^a_{\xi} = T^{ab} \xi_b$ is the "energy current" if ξ^a is timelike

"momentum current" if ξ^a is spacelike.

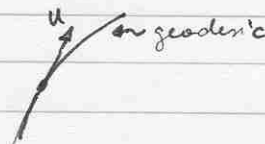
- Killing tensor: $K_{a...b}$ (any rank)

such that: $\nabla_{(a} K_{b...d)} = 0$ and suppose $K_{a...b}$ is not of the form $K_{a...b} = \xi_a \dots \xi_b$
(a product of Killing vectors)

* Kerr metric has a Killing tensor K_{ab}

$$u^c \nabla_c (\underbrace{K_{ab} u^a u^b}_{\text{conserved quantity}}) = u^a u^b u^c \nabla_c (K_{ab}) = 0 \quad \leftarrow \text{has a new conserved quantity.}$$

where we used $u^c \nabla_c u^a = 0$ (geodesic eqn)
and $\nabla_{(c} K_{ab)} = 0$ (Killing tensor), u^a is



it's called Carter constant for orbits in Kerr geometry.

it's related with total angular momentum