

For the case $E < 0$, write $r_0^2 = \frac{\sigma}{E} \Rightarrow$ 18/19
 $E = \frac{\sigma}{r_0^2}$ and Drag + 58
cont.

$$\frac{m}{2} (\dot{r}^2) + \frac{\sigma}{r^2} = E \Rightarrow \frac{m}{2} (\dot{r}^2) = -\sigma \left(\frac{1}{r^2} - \frac{1}{r_0^2} \right) \Rightarrow$$

$$\dot{r}^2 = \left(-\frac{2\sigma}{m} \right) \left(\frac{1}{r^2} - \frac{1}{r_0^2} \right) \Rightarrow \dot{r} = - \left(\frac{-2\sigma}{m} \right)^{1/2} \left[\frac{1}{r^2} - \frac{1}{r_0^2} \right]^{1/2}$$

$$\Rightarrow t - t_0 = - \left(\frac{m}{-2\sigma} \right)^{1/2} \int_{r_0}^r \frac{dr'}{\left[\frac{1}{r'^2} - \frac{1}{r_0^2} \right]^{1/2}} \Rightarrow$$

$$t - t_0 = - \left(\frac{m}{-2\sigma} \right)^{1/2} \int_{r_0}^r \frac{r' dr'}{\left[1 - r'^2/r_0^2 \right]^{1/2}} \Rightarrow$$

$$t - t_0 = \left(\frac{m}{-2\sigma} \right)^{1/2} r_0 \int_{r_0}^r \frac{r' dr'}{\left[r_0^2 - r'^2 \right]^{1/2}} \Rightarrow$$

$$t - t_0 = - \left(\frac{m}{-2\sigma} \right)^{1/2} r_0 (-1) \left[r_0^2 - r'^2 \right]^{1/2} \Big|_{r_0}^r \Rightarrow$$

$$t - t_0 = \left(\frac{m}{-2\sigma} \right)^{1/2} \left[r_0^2 - r^2 \right] \Rightarrow$$

$$r^2 = r_0^2 - \left(\frac{-2\sigma}{m} \right)^{1/2} (t - t_0) \Rightarrow$$

$$r = \left[r_0^2 - \left(\frac{-2\sigma}{m} \right)^{1/2} (t - t_0) \right]^{1/2}$$