

Draft 4/2 cont.

So, the correct root is $Mg a - ka^2 = -ka l_0 / \sqrt{2} \Rightarrow$

$$Mg a = ka^2 - ka l_0 / \sqrt{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{M = ka/g - ka l_0 / (g \sqrt{2})}$$

Now expand L about $\theta = 0$. Need to expand

$$-Mg a \sin \theta - (k/2) [2a \sin(\pi/4 - \theta/2) - l_0]^2 \text{ in a power series in } \theta$$

Write $\sin(\pi/4 - \theta/2) = \sin(\pi/4) \cos \theta/2 - \cos(\pi/4) \sin \theta/2$. Then need to

$$\text{expand } -Mg a \sin \theta - (k/2) [a \sqrt{2} \cos \theta/2 - a \sqrt{2} \sin \theta/2 - l_0]^2 =$$

$$-Mg a \sin \theta - (k/2) [2a^2 \cos^2 \theta/2 + 2a^2 \sin^2 \theta/2 + l_0^2 - 4a^2 \sin \theta/2 \cos \theta/2 - 2a l_0 \sqrt{2} \cos \theta/2 + 2a l_0 \sqrt{2} \sin \theta/2]$$

$$= -(k/2) (2a^2 + l_0^2) + (ka^2 - Mg a) \sin \theta - ka l_0 \sqrt{2} \sin \theta/2 + ka l_0 \sqrt{2} \cos \theta/2$$

$$= -(k/2) (2a^2 + l_0^2) + ka l_0 / \sqrt{2} \sin \theta - ka l_0 \sqrt{2} \sin \theta/2 + ka l_0 \sqrt{2} \cos \theta/2$$