

DLN 2.4.6

We wish to compute \vec{y}^4 . Since we know 4 previous values,

we use Adam's method with $N=3$. Then predictor

formula becomes

$$\vec{y}^{n+1} = \vec{y}^n + h \sum_{k=0}^3 \tilde{b}_k \vec{F}^{n-k} \Rightarrow \vec{y}^4 = \vec{y}^3 + h \sum_{k=0}^3 \tilde{b}_k \vec{F}^{3-k} \quad \text{or}$$

$$\vec{y}^4 = \vec{y}^3 + h [\tilde{b}_0 \vec{F}^3 + \tilde{b}_1 \vec{F}^2 + \tilde{b}_2 \vec{F}^1 + \tilde{b}_3 \vec{F}^0] \quad \text{or}$$

$$\vec{y}^4 = \vec{y}^3 + \frac{1}{3} \left[\frac{55}{24} \vec{F}^3 - \frac{59}{24} \vec{F}^2 + \frac{37}{24} \vec{F}^1 - \frac{9}{24} \vec{F}^0 \right] \quad \text{predictor}$$

Put in the numbers:

$$\vec{y}^4 = \begin{pmatrix} 1.15853 \\ 1.45970 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 1.45970 & 1.21412 \\ .84147 & .61837 \end{pmatrix} - \frac{59}{24} \begin{pmatrix} 1.05505 \\ .32719 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{37}{24} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{or}$$

$$\vec{y}^4 = \begin{pmatrix} 1.695853 \\ 1.763909 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{predictor result}$$