

This condition will be satisfied if $\beta^j = \frac{2\pi f}{N+1}$ $f = 1$ to N

whence

$$h_k^j = \alpha^j \sin \frac{k\pi f}{N+1}$$

We also get

$$2 - \gamma_j = 2 \cosh \beta^j \Rightarrow 2 - \gamma_j = 2 \cos \frac{\pi f}{N+1}$$

or $\gamma_j = 2 \left(1 - \cos \frac{\pi f}{N+1} \right) \Rightarrow \gamma_j = \frac{k}{m} 2 \left(1 - \cos \frac{\pi f}{N+1} \right)$

Whence

$$\omega_j = \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} \left[2 \left(1 - \cos \frac{\pi f}{N+1} \right) \right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$f = 1 \text{ to } N$$

Note that we can also write this result as

$$\omega_j = 2 \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} \sin \frac{\pi f}{2(N+1)}$$

As a check, set $N=1$

$$j=1 \Rightarrow$$

$$\omega = 2 \sqrt{\frac{k}{m}} \sin \frac{\pi}{4} = \sqrt{\frac{2k}{m}}$$

which is correct for

from Omk