

$$c) T = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i,j} \omega_i^* \omega_j^* I_{ij} \omega_j^* \Rightarrow$$

$$T = \frac{1}{2} M R^2 \dot{\alpha}^2 + M \left(R^2/8 + d^2/2a \right) \dot{\beta}^2 \quad \text{or}$$

$$T = (1/4) M R^2 a^2 + M \left(R^2/8 + d^2/2a \right) (b+2ct)^2$$

d) Euler's eqns give $N_1^* = I_1 \dot{\omega}_1^* + \omega_2^* \omega_3^* (I_3 - I_2)$, etc. The result is

$$N_1^* = 0$$

$$N_2^* = \left(\frac{MR^2}{4} + \frac{Md^2}{12} \right) \left\{ 2c \sin \alpha t + a(b+2ct) \cos \alpha t \right\} + a(b+2ct) \cos \alpha t \left(\frac{MR^2}{2} - \frac{Md^2}{12} \right) \Rightarrow$$

$$N_2^* = \frac{MR^2}{2} a(b+2ct) \cos \alpha t + \left(\frac{MR^2}{2} + \frac{Md^2}{6} \right) c \sin \alpha t$$

$$N_3^* = \left(\frac{MR^2}{4} + \frac{Md^2}{12} \right) \left\{ 2c(\cos \alpha t) - a(b+2ct) \sin \alpha t \right\} + a(b+2ct) \sin \alpha t \left(-\frac{MR^2}{4} + \frac{Md^2}{12} \right) \Rightarrow$$

$$N_3^* = -\frac{MR^2}{2} a(b+2ct) \sin \alpha t + \left(\frac{MR^2}{2} + \frac{Md^2}{6} \right) c \cos \alpha t$$