

NAME:	Quiz #8: Phys142
<u>Solution</u>	

A solenoid contains 1000 turns and is 5 cm in length with a radius of 1 mm. Recall that the magnetic field produced by a solenoid is $B = \mu_0 n I$.

(a) [4 pts] What is the magnetic flux through a single turn of the solenoid given that the current is 0.5 A?

$$\Phi_1 = \vec{B} \cdot \vec{A} = B \pi r^2 ; \quad B = \mu_0 n I = \mu_0 \frac{N}{l} I$$

$$B = (4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ Tm/A}) \left(\frac{1000}{0.05 \text{ m}} \right) (0.5 \text{ A}) = 0.0126 \text{ T}$$

$$\Phi_1 = \pi (0.001 \text{ m})^2 (0.0126 \text{ T}) = 3.95 \times 10^{-8} \text{ Wb}$$

(b) [1 pts] What is the magnetic flux through the entire solenoid given the current is 0.5 A?

$$\Phi_{\text{all}} = NBA = N \Phi_1 = 1000 (3.95 \times 10^{-8} \text{ Wb})$$

$$\Phi_{\text{all}} = 3.95 \times 10^{-5} \text{ Wb} = 39.5 \mu\text{Wb}$$

(c) [5 pts] What rate of change of current produces a 2V potential difference across the entire solenoid?

$$\mathcal{E} = - \frac{d\Phi}{dt} = - NA \frac{dB}{dt} = - \mu_0 n NA \frac{dI}{dt}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dI}{dt} = \frac{-\mathcal{E}}{\mu_0 n NA} = \frac{-\mathcal{E} l}{\mu_0 N^2 A} = \frac{-2 \text{ V} (0.05 \text{ m})}{(4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ Tm/A}) (1000)^2 (\pi (0.001 \text{ m})^2)}$$

$$\frac{dI}{dt} = 2.53 \times 10^4 \text{ A/s}$$