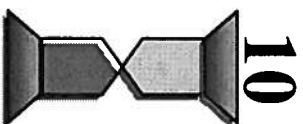


If the  $n$ th allowed level of a Hydrogen atom has an electron energy of  $-13.6/n^2$  in units of eV (electron volts), what is the energy (in eV) of the photon emitted when an electron jumps from the  $n = 3$  orbit to the  $n = 1$  orbit



- a) 13.6 eV
- b) 5.4 eV
- c) 1.5 eV
- d) 0.85 eV
- ✓ e) 12.1 eV



The correct answer is e) 12.1 eV:

- Because the photon carries away the difference energy between the initial and final states, its energy is

$$E_{3 \rightarrow 1} = h f_{3 \rightarrow 1} = E_3 - E_1.$$

- We compute this as

$$\begin{aligned} E_3 - E_1 &= -13.6(1/3^2 - 1/1^2) \\ &= +13.6(1 - 1/9) = 13.6*(8/9) \\ &= 12.09 \text{ eV} \end{aligned}$$

- Therefore, Answer (e) is correct: 12.1 eV.  
(One could also calculate the photon frequency:  $f_{3 \rightarrow 1} = (E_3 - E_1)/h$ .)